

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

## eni Multitech 4AM

### SECTION 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION:

**LABEL IDENTITY:** eni Multitech 4AM  
Universal Tractor Hyd / Trans Fluid (UFT).

**DESCRIPTION:** A transmission / drive train / hydraulic oil.

**PRODUCT CAS NO.:** Not applicable for mixtures.

**GENERIC/CHEMICAL NAME:** Petroleum hydrocarbon Mixture containing polymer(s), antioxidant(s), detergent(s), and other additives.

**MANUFACTURER/  
SUPPLIER:** eni USA R&M Co. Inc.  
539 Marwood Road  
Cabot, PA 16023  
Ph: (724) 352-4451  
Fax: (724) 352-9543

**EMERGENCY TELEPHONE #:**  
**Manufacturer:** 8am - 5pm EST (M-F)  
1-800-922-9243

**Chemtrec:** 24hrs EVERYDAY  
1-800-424-9300

### SECTION 2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION OF INGREDIENTS:

CHEMICAL INGREDIENT	COMPOSITION %(w/w)	CAS No.
<u>A.</u> Hydrotreated Heavy Paraffinic Petroleum Distillates (Oil)	0 - 10	64742-54-7
<u>B.</u> Hydrotreated Spent (Petroleum) Lubricating Oils	80 - 90	64742-58-1
<u>C.</u> Calcium long-chain alkylaryl sulfonate	0.5 - 1.5 (0.26 - 0.37 as Ca)	Proprietary-1
<u>D.</u> Mineral Oil	0 - 7	Mixture-1
<u>E.</u> 2-Ethyl Hexanol	0 - 0.3	104-76-7
<u>F.</u> Acrylate Ester	0 - 2 ppm	Proprietary-2
<u>G.</u> Benzene	0 - 0.02 ppm	71-43-2
<u>H.</u> Toluene	0 - 0.1	108-88-3
<u>I.</u> Ethyl Acrylate ( <b>Carcinogen IARC &amp; NTP</b> )	0 - 1 ppm	140-88-5
<u>J.</u> Phosphorodithioic Acid, O, O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, Zinc salts (Zinc Dialkyl dithiophosphate) (as ZnDDP)	1.5 - 1.8	68649-42-3
(as Zn)	0.11 - 0.16	(7440-66-6)
<u>K.</u> <b>Other Misc. Additives Components:</b> includes VI Polymers (Dialkyl Fumarate-Vinyl Acetate Copolymer), Styrene-Ester Co-Polymer w/ Dispersant, and Mineral Oil.	0 - 9.7	Mixture-2

cont.	EXPOSURE LIMITS	OSHA		ACGIH - TLV		OTHER / COMMENT
	CAS No.	PEL-TWA #	CEILING	TWA #	STEL	
<u>A.</u>	64742-54-7 (as Oil Mist)	5mg/m <sup>3</sup>	N/A	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IDLH= 2500 mg/M <sup>3</sup>
<u>B.</u>	64742-58-1 (as Oil Mist)	5mg/m <sup>3</sup>	N/A	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IDLH= 2500 mg/M <sup>3</sup>
<u>C.</u>	Proprietary-1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
<u>D.</u>	Mixture-1	5mg/m <sup>3</sup>	N/A	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IDLH= 2500 mg/M <sup>3</sup>
<u>E.</u>	104-76-7	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
<u>F.</u>	Proprietary-2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
<u>G.</u>	71-43-2	1 ppm	5 ppm	10 ppm	15 ppm	N/A
<u>H.</u>	108-88-3	200 ppm	300 ppm	375 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	560 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	N/A
<u>I.</u>	140-88-5	5 ppm	25 ppm	5 ppm	15 ppm	IDLH= 300 ppm
<u>J.</u>	68649-42-3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
<u>K.</u>	Mixture-2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

# = 8 hr. day & 40 hr. week TWA.

**NOTES:** *PEL = Permissible Exposure Limit (OSHA).*  
*TLV = Threshold Limit Value (ACGIH).*  
*TWA = Time-Weighted Average over a work day (usually 8-12 hr. day)*  
**Ceiling** = maximum allowable human exposure limit for an airborne substance; never to be exceeded even momentarily, (even if the 8-hr. TWA is not exceeded).  
**STEL** = Short-Term Exposure Limit = 15 minute Time-Weighted Average maximum allowable human exposure limit for an airborne substance; never to be exceeded even momentarily during a workday (even if the 8-hr. TWA is not exceeded).  
**IDLH** = Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health (NIOSH) = Airborne Concentration which may cause irreversible health effects or death.  
*N/D = Information Not Disclosed by eni USA R&M Co Inc.'s supplier and was withheld as a Trade Secret.*

### SECTION 3. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION:

#### EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

**APPEARANCE / STATE:** Amber Color; Viscous liquid.

**CAUTION !!**

**HEALTH HAZARDS:**

May be harmful if swallowed.  
 May irritate eyes, skin, digestive/intestinal system.  
 Vapor/Mist(s) can irritate lungs/respiratory system.

**ROUTES OF ENTRY:** Skin contact, eye contact, inhalation, and ingestion.

**TARGET ORGAN EFFECTS:** (refer to Sec. 11 Toxicological Information).

**Oil (as Mist):** Hazardous effects: Accumulation in Lungs (Pneumonitis). NFPA=0-1-0.

**Toluene:** Hazardous effects: Moderate irritation-eye, nose, throat; narcosis; "skin"; suspect teratogen; mutagen. NFPA=2-3-0.

**Ethyl Acrylate:** Hazardous effects: Marked irritation-eye, nose, throat, lungs; "skin"; lung edema; suspect carcinogen (IARC & NTP). NFPA=2-3-2.

**Benzene:** Hazardous effects: Cumulative bone marrow damage; suspect leukemogen; "skin"; NFPA=2-3-0.

(see Potential Health Effects-Inhalation, below for more detail).

**WARNING: AVOID SKIN CONTACT WITH USED HEAT-DEGRADED OILS, SUCH**

**AS ENGINE OIL, METAL-WORKING OIL, ETC.!!**

(refer to Sec. 11 Toxicological Information - Other Considerations, for more detail)

(refer also to Sec. 16 for HMIS & NFPA Ratings).

**POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:**

(Signs & Symptoms of Exposure)

**INHALATION (Breathing):** This product has a low vapor pressure and is not expected to present an

inhalation exposure at ambient conditions. However, upon heating to high temperatures, or mechanical actions which may produce aerosols, vapors, mists, or fumes, inhalation of product may cause irritation of the respiratory tract (lungs, breathing passages, nose, and throat). Prolonged or repeated inhalation of Oil Mist may cause oil / chemical pneumonia, lung tissue inflammation, and/or fibrous tissue formation.

(refer also to Sec. 8 & 11 for more information).

**EYE CONTACT:** May cause eye irritation. Prolonged or repeated eye contact may inflammation of the membrane linings of the eyelids and covering of the eyeball (conjunctivitis).

**SKIN CONTACT:** May cause skin irritation. Not likely to be absorbed through the skin in harmful. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying, cracking, redness, itching, and/or swelling (dermatitis).

**INGESTION (Swallowing):** Relatively non-toxic to minimal toxicity. May cause throat irritation, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea. Breathing product into the lungs during ingestion or vomiting may cause lung injury, chemical pneumonia, and possible death.

**MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGREGATED BY EXPOSURE:**

Eye Conditions/Diseases

Skin Conditions/Diseases

Respiratory System Conditions/Diseases, if mist/vapor(s) are generated.

Lung (Asthma-like) Conditions/Diseases, if mist/vapor(s) are generated.

(refer also to Sec. 11 for Toxicological Information)

**SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES:**

**INHALATION (Breathing):** Evacuate the victim to a safe area with fresh air as soon as possible. If the victim is not breathing, perform artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Oxygen should only be administered by qualified personnel. Someone should stay with the victim. Allow the victim to rest in a well ventilated area. Seek medical attention.

**EYE CONTACT:** Upon contact, remove contact lenses, if worn. Immediately flush eyes with water and continue washing for at least fifteen minutes, keeping eyelids open. If irritation or redness from exposure to vapor develops, move away from exposure into fresh air. Obtain medical attention.

**SKIN CONTACT:** Remove contaminated clothing and shoes - launder before reuse. Wash gently and thoroughly the contaminated skin with non-abrasive soap and running water. If irritation persists or if contact has been prolonged, obtain medical attention. If product is injected under pressure into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, a physician should immediately evaluate the individual as a medical/surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of the injury.

**INGESTION (Swallowing):** DO NOT induce vomiting because of danger of aspirating liquid into lungs which can result in chemical pneumonia, other lung damage, mild to severe pulmonary injury, and possibly death. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, keep head below hips to avoid breathing the product into the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Keep airway clear. Seek medical attention.

(refer to Sec. 3 for other Hazards).

**PHYSICIAN NOTE:** Treat symptomatically and supportively. Treatment may vary with the condition of the victim and the specifics of the incident. Do not induce vomiting, use gastric lavage only. Aspiration of petroleum distillates associated with vomiting may cause pulmonary irritation and pneumonitis. If aspiration is suspected, respiratory effects should be evaluated. Suspicious skin lesions should be exercised and examined histologically. Subcutaneous or intramuscular injection requires prompt surgical debridement.

**Call the Poison Control Center, if necessary.**

**SECTION 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES:**

**NAERG '08, GUIDE:** 171 - Substances (low to moderate hazard).

**FLAMMABILITY:** Low fire hazard - liquid can burn if heated to temperatures above the flashpoint.

**FLAMMABLE LIMITS:** Not Available. **LEL:** Not Available.  
**UEL:** Not Available.

**FLASHPOINT (method):** ≥ 150 °C / 302 °F (Cleveland Open Cup).

**AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE:** N/A

**FIRE HAZARDS:** Low fire hazard. Must be heated before ignition will occur. Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents, including peroxides, chlorine, and strong acids.

(refer also to Sec. 16 for NFPA & HMIS Ratings)

**EXPLOSION HAZARDS:** "Empty" containers retain product residue (liquid/vapors) and can be dangerous. **DO NOT** cut, weld, braze, solder, grind, drill, pressurize, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition: Heated vapor in enclosed spaces can ignite and **MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH**. Empty drum should be completely drained, properly bunged, and promptly returned to a drum reconditioner or properly disposed of. Products are not sensitive to mechanical impact.

**FIRE FIGHTING MEDIA & INSTRUCTIONS:** NAERG '08, GUIDE: 171 - Substances (low to moderate hazard).

If tank, rail car, or tank truck; stay away from the ends of tanks, ISOLATE for 800 meters (0.5 mile) in all directions; also, consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (0.5 mile) in all directions. Shut off fuel to fire (remove containers) if it is possible to do so without hazard. If this is not possible, withdraw from area and let fire burn out under controlled conditions. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety device or any discoloration of tank due to fire. Cool containing vessels with water spray in order to prevent pressure build-up, autoignition, or explosion. Use water spray to disperse the vapors and to provide protection for persons attempting to stop the leak. Water spray may be used to flush spills away from exposures. Minimize breathing of gases, vapors, fumes, or decomposition products. Use supplied-air breathing equipment for enclosed or confined spaces or as otherwise needed.

**SMALL FIRE:** use DRY chemicals, foam, water spray, or CO<sub>2</sub>.

**LARGE FIRE:** use water spray, fog, or foam. For small outdoor fires, portable fire extinguishers

may be used. A positive-pressure, self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA - MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full-body protective equipment is required for fire emergencies (all indoor fires and any significant outdoor fires). Respiratory and eye protection are required for fire-fighting personnel. Water or foam may cause frothing. Do not scatter spilled material with high pressure water streams. Dike fire-control water for later disposal. Prevent runoff to drinking water supply, streams, and sewers. Continue cooling containers with flooding quantities of water until well after the fire is out.

**HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:**

Decomposition and combustion materials may be toxic. During fire or when heated to decomposition, the following materials may be produced: Smoke, irritating vapors, unidentified organic compounds, aldehydes, hydrogen sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S), alkyl mercaptans, sulfides; and oxides of Carbon, Nitrogen, Phosphorus, Zinc, Calcium, and Sulfur.

**The information chart below is not for determining the hazardousness of this product, as manufactured; it is provided here as reference information should the product be incinerated:**

POSSIBLE COMBUSTION PRODUCTS	EXPOSURE LIMITS				OTHER / COMMENTS
	OSHA		ACGIH - TLV		
Chemical [CAS No.]	PEL-TWA #	CEILING	TWA #	STEL	
Calcium Oxide (solid) [1305-78-8]	5mg/m <sup>3</sup>	N/A	2mg/m <sup>3</sup>	N/A	IDLH= 25 mg/M <sup>3</sup>
<b>HAZARDOUS EFFECTS:</b> Marked irritation-eye, nose, throat, skin. (NFPA=1-0-1).					

Zinc Oxide (fume) [1314-13-2]	5mg/m <sup>3</sup>	N/A	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IDLH= 500 mg/M <sup>3</sup> <b>HAZARDOUS EFFECTS:</b> Acute systemic toxicity (metal fume fever); mutagen. (NFPA= N/A)
Carbon Monoxide [630-08-0]	55mg/m <sup>3</sup>	N/A	55 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	440 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IDLH= 1200 ppm <b>HAZARDOUS EFFECTS:</b> Chemical Anoxia & Asphyxiation. (NFPA=2-4-0).
	50 ppm	N/A	25 ppm	N/A	
Carbon Dioxide [124-38-9]	9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	N/A	9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	54000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IDLH= 40000 ppm <b>HAZARDOUS EFFECTS:</b> Asphyxiation. (NFPA= N/A)
	5000 ppm	N/A	5000 ppm	30000 ppm	
Sulfur Dioxide [7446-09-5]	13mg/m <sup>3</sup>	N/A	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IDLH= 100 ppm <b>HAZARDOUS EFFECTS:</b> Marked irritation-eye, nose, throat, lungs; bronchoconstriction; mutagen, suspect reproductive effects. (NFPA=3-0-0).
	5 ppm	N/A	2 ppm	5 ppm	
Hydrogen Sulfide (H <sub>2</sub> S) [7783-06-4]	10 ppm	20 ppm	14 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	21 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IDLH= N/A <b>HAZARDOUS EFFECTS:</b> Moderate irritation-eye (conjunctivitis), lungs; acute systemic toxicity; CNS effects. (NFPA=3-4-0)

# = 8 hr. day & 40 hr. week TWA.

**SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES:**

**MATERIAL RELEASE OR SPILL:**

**NAERG '08, GUIDE:** 171 - Substance (low to moderate hazard).

**LAND:** ELIMINATE ALL IGNITION SOURCES. Avoid contact - Do not touch or walk through the spilled product. STOP LEAK if without risk. CONTAIN SPILL. Isolate hazard area - keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering: 30 to 80 feet (10-25 meters) in all directions. Prevent contact with Soil. Stay upwind. Ventilate area and avoid breathing vapor or mist. Wear protective equipment and provide engineering controls as specified in **Section 8: Exposure Control/Personal Protection.**

Contain spill away from surface waters, intermittent dry creeks, and sewers. Contain spill as a liquid for possible recovery or absorb with inert absorbents, dry clay, or diatomaceous earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Avoid inhaling dust of diatomaceous earth for it may contain silica in very fine particle size, making this a potential respiratory hazard. Place used absorbent in sealable metal containers for later disposal or burn absorbent in a suitable combustion chamber. Runoff from fire control may cause pollution. Runoff from fire control may cause pollution.

**LARGE SPILLS:** Dike far ahead of liquid spill for collection and later disposal.

**DO NOT FLUSH TO SEWERS, STREAMS, OR OTHER BODIES OF WATER.**

Check with applicable jurisdiction for specific disposal requirements of spilled material and empty containers. Keep public away and notify the appropriate authorities immediately, if required. If this product is subject to CERCLA reporting (**see section 15**), notify the National Response Center.

**WATER:** Product floats on water. Remove from surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents. If permitted by local authorities and environmental agencies, sinking and/or suitable dispersants may be used in non-confined waters. Check with applicable jurisdiction for specific disposal requirements of recovered material and empty containers.

U.S. Coast Guard regulations require immediate reporting of spills that could reach any waterway, including intermittent dry creeks. Report spill(s) to the U.S. Coast Guard at 1-800-424-8802.

(refer also to **Sec. 13 & 15 for Regulatory Information**)

**SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE:**

**STORAGE TEMPERATURE:**

Ambient

**STORAGE PRESSURE:**

Atmospheric

**LOADING/UNLOADING****TEMPERATURE:** Not Available.**LOADING/UNLOADING****PRESSURE:** Not Available.

**HANDLING:** Keep away from sources of ignition. This product has a low vapor pressure and is not expected to present an inhalation hazard under normal ambient conditions. However, when aerosolizing, misting, or heating these products, do not breathe vapor or mist. Use in well ventilated area. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, clothing, and shoes. DO NOT reuse empty containers without cleaning or reconditioning. All other containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulations. "Empty" drum liners also retain residue (solid, liquid, vapor). Do not reuse liners for any purpose. Liners should be emptied of contents to the maximum extent possible, then segregated from liners containing other products. Dispose of empty liners in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulations. Practice good personal hygiene. Wash hands after handling and before eating. Launder work clothes frequently. Discard saturated leather goods.

Avoid water contamination and extreme temperatures to minimize product degradation.

**STORAGE:** Flash point is greater than 200°F. Store in tightly closed sealable containers in a cool, dry, isolated, well-ventilated area, and away from strong oxidizing agents. DO NOT pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, or grind containers. Keep containers away from extreme heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition; as empty product containers may retain product residues and can be dangerous. DO NOT store in unlabeled containers. Outdoor or detached storage is preferable. DO NOT store at temperatures above 120°F or in direct sunlight for extended periods of time.

**OTHER PRECAUTIONS:** For work on tanks refer to OSHA regulations, ANSI Z49.1, and other governmental and industrial references pertaining to cleaning, repairing, welding, or other contemplated operations.

(refer also to Sec. 13 & 15 for Regulatory Information)

<b>SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROL / PERSONAL PROTECTION:</b>
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<b>EXPOSURE LIMITS:</b>	<b>Oil Mist, if generated:</b>	PEL (OSHA) 5mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 8hr. TWA
		TLV (ACGIH) 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 8hr. TWA
		STEL (ACGIH) 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		TLV (NIOSH) 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 8hr. TWA
		STEL (NIOSH) 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

(refer also to Sec. 2 & 5 for Other Exposure Limits)

**ENGINEERING CONTROLS:**

**VENTILATION:** For normal application, special ventilation is not necessary. If user's operations generate vapors or mists, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit. Make-up air should always be supplied to balance air removed by exhaust ventilation. Where adequate general ventilation is unavailable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below the applicable exposure limits. Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not store near heat, sparks, flame, or strong oxidants.

**OTHER:** Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are close to work station.

**PERSONAL PROTECTION:** The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of use. A hazard assessment of the work area for personal protective equipment requirements should be conducted by a qualified professional pursuant to OSHA regulations.

**EYES:** DO NOT wear contact lenses. Eye protection (ie. Safety glasses, safety goggles, and/or face shield) should be determined based on conditions of use. If product is used in an appropriate application where splashing may occur, the use of chemically-resistant safety goggles and/or a face shield should be considered. Wear goggles and face shield if material is heated above 125°F (51°C). Have suitable eyewash water available.

**SKIN:** Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Wear appropriate clothing to prevent skin contact, such as apron, coveralls, long-sleeve shirts, etc. As a minimum, long sleeves and trousers should be worn. Wear appropriate chemically protective gloves (neoprene, nitrile, PolyVinyl Chloride, PolyVinyl Alcohol, Viton, or equivalent); use of natural rubber or equivalent is NOT recommended. When handling hot product, ensure gloves, boots, and clothing are heat resistant and insulated. Wear appropriate footwear to prevent product from coming in contact with feet and skin.

**WARNING: AVOID SKIN CONTACT WITH USED HEAT-DEGRADED OILS, SUCH AS ENGINE OIL, METAL-WORKING OIL, ETC.!!**

**RESPIRATORY:** Minimize breathing vapor, mist, or fumes. Respiratory protection is not usually needed unless product is heated or misted. Concentration in air determines the level of respiratory protection needed. Where concentrations in air may exceed the occupational exposure limits given above and in Sections 2 & 5 (and those applicable to your area) and where engineering, work practices, or other means of exposure reduction are not adequate; NIOSH approved respirators may be necessary to prevent overexposure by inhalation. Use only NIOSH-certified, air purifying respirators with combination P- or R-vapor cartridges when concentration of vapor series particulate filters and organic or mist exceeds applicable exposure limits. DO NOT use N-Rated respirators. Selection and use of respiratory protective equipment should be in accordance in the USA with OSHA General Industry Standard 29 CFR 1910.134; or in Canada with CSA Standard Z94.4. Protection by air purifying respirators is limited.

**AIR SAMPLING / TEST METHOD:** The applicable method measures oil mist. NIOSH Analytical Method No. 283 or S272. Air sampling for PNA's may be accomplished by NIOSH Methods 5506 & 5515 using glass fiber filter and XAD-2 tube for collection followed by analysis using gravimetric measurements and high pressure liquid chromatography (HPLC) with UV detection (5506) or gas chromatography with flame ionization detection.

**OTHER PROTECTIVE CLOTHING / EQUIPMENT:** Where spills and splashed are likely, facilities storing or using this product should be equipped with an emergency eyewash and shower, both equipped with clean water, in the immediate work area. Chemically resistant protective clothing and boot materials may include: PolyVinyl Chloride (PVC), Neoprene, Nitrile, Viton, Polyurethane. Contaminated clothing should be stored in well ventilated areas and precautions taken for possible spontaneous combustion. Affix warning labels, as needed, on containers in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200 (Hazard Communication Standard).

**WORK HYGIENIC PRACTICES:** Use good personal hygiene. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling product and before eating, drinking, using tobacco products, or using toilet facilities. Clean affected clothing, shoes, and protective equipment before reuse. Discard leather articles, such as shoes, saturated with this product. Do Not wear rings, watches, or similar apparel that could entrap the material and cause a skin reaction. Do not use gasoline, kerosene, solvents, or harsh abrasives as skin cleaners.

(refer also to Sec. 2 & 5 for Other Exposure Limits)

**SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:**

**APPEARANCE / STATE:** Viscous liquid.

**COLOR:** Amber to Brown.

**VISCOSITY:** 45.5-70.5 cSt @ 40 °C (100 °F).

**MELT/POUR POINT:** -37 °C (-35 °F).

**ODOR:** Hydrocarbon; Petroleum.  
**ODOR THRESHOLD:** Not Available.  
**BOILING POINT:** Not Available.  
**DENSITY:** 0.84 - 0.89 - kg/l @ 15 °C (59 °F).  
**OCTANOL / H<sub>2</sub>O DIST. COEFF.:** Not Available.  
**VAPOR DENSITY:** Not Available.  
**VAPOR PRESSURE:** Not Available.  
**VOLATILITY:** Not Available.  
**pH:** Not Available.

**SOFTENING POINT:** Not Available.  
**DROPPING POINT:** Not Available.  
**PENETRATION:** Not Available.  
**OIL / H<sub>2</sub>O DIST. COEFF.:** Not Available.  
**MOLECULAR WT.:** Not Available.  
**IONICITY (in H<sub>2</sub>O):** Not Available.  
**DISPERSION PROPERTIES:** Not Available.  
**SOLUBILITY (in H<sub>2</sub>O):** Negligible.  
**EVAPORATION RATE:** Not Available.

## SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY:

**STABILITY:** Stable under normal handling and storage conditions. Not Reactive with water.

**CONDITIONS TO AVOID:** Extreme Heat, Sparks, and Flames.

**CORROSIVITY:** Copper corrosion, 3h, 100 °C (ASTM D 0130): N/A (typical).

**MATERIALS TO AVOID:** Reactive with strong oxidizing agents, reducing agents, and/or acids.

**HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:** Will not occur under normal working conditions.

**CONDITIONS TO AVOID:** None.

### HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION:

Decomposition and combustion materials may be toxic. During fire or when heated to decomposition, the following materials may be produced: Smoke, irritating vapors, unidentified organic compounds, aldehydes, hydrogen sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S), alkyl mercaptans, sulfides; and oxides of Carbon, Nitrogen, Phosphorus, Zinc, Calcium, and Sulfur.

## SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

**NOTE:** *The information related in Section 11. Toxicological Information, for this product is not based upon actual tests of this product, but is based upon information and studies for similar products / product types. The information cited with an ( \* ) is from tests conducted for this product.*

**ROUTES OF ENTRY:** Skin contact, eye contact, inhalation, and ingestion.

**ACUTE EFFECTS:** Based on toxicity of similar product(s)/component(s): Base Oils.

**Acute Oral Toxicity (LD<sub>50</sub>):** > 2000 mg/kg (rat).

**Acute Dermal Toxicity (LD<sub>50</sub>):** > 2000 mg/kg (rabbit).

> 2000 mg/kg (rat).

**Acute Inhalation Toxicity:** > 2500 mg/kg/4h (rat).

> 2.18 mg/L/4h (rat).

**Acute Eye Irritation:** N/A (Draize Score = N/A) (rabbit).

**Acute Skin Irritation:** N/A (Primary Irritation Index = N/A) (rabbit).

### CHRONIC EFFECTS:

**Dermal Route:** Prolonged or repeated contact tends to remove skin oils which may cause skin irritation; characterized by dermatitis (drying & cracking) or oil acne. While this may result in skin irritation and dermatitis, the product is not believed to be either a "corrosive" nor an "irritant" by OSHA criteria.

**Inhalation Route:** Due to low volatility, inhalation is not likely. Mists from highly-refined mineral oils are reported to have low acute and sub-acute toxicities in animals. Exposures to lower concentrations at or below current workplace exposure levels produced no significant toxicological



effects. However, prolonged or repeated inhalation of excessive amount of mists or fumes may cause irritation of the respiratory tract. Oil mists can cause oil droplet deposition in the lung which may result in oil/lipoid granuloma formation, fibrosis, inflammation, reduced pulmonary function, lipid pneumonia, and increased incidence of infection. High vapor/aerosol concentrations may cause CNS effects such as Dizziness, Headaches, or Drowsiness. Minute amounts aspirated into the lungs during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury and possibly death.

**Oral Route:** Relatively non-toxic via ingestion, but may cause irritation of GI Tract, vomiting, and diarrhea. Minute amounts aspirated into the lungs during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury and possibly death.

**Ocular (Eye) Route:** Non-irritating to slight irritation to eyes, no permanent damage.

#### OTHER TOXICITY STUDIES:

##### **SENSITIZATION:**

**-(Skin):** Based on toxicity of severely hydrotreated base oil, it is not a skin sensitizer in guinea pig.

**-(Respiratory Tract):** Not expected to be a respiratory tract sensitizer.

**CARCINOGENICITY:** (reportable quantities:  $\geq$  1.0%Wt. (0.1%Wt. for carcinogens):

AGENCY	CARCINOGENIC MATERIAL CONTENT STATUS
OSHA	None @ Reportable Quantity
IARC	None @ Reportable Quantities as listed as Group 1, 2A, or 2B carcinogens. ## 1ppm Ethyl Acrylate (2-Propenoic Acid, Ethyl ester) [CAS No. 140-88-5]. ### SEE FURTHER BELOW
NTP	None @ Reportable Quantity. ## 1ppm Ethyl Acrylate (2-Propenoic Acid, Ethyl ester) [CAS No. 140-88-5].
ACGIH	None @ Reportable Quantities as listed as 1A or A2 carcinogens.
IRIS	Not Available

## However, it does contain the listed carcinogenic material at the stated concentration below the Reportable Quantity (0.1%wt).

### (IARC): The base oil component of this product is **NOT** considered a potential carcinogen based upon similar base oil typical results of the IP-346 DMSO of less than 3.0%wt. The base oils used to manufacture this product were **SEVERELY HYDROTREATED** at greater than 800psi and do not require a cancer warning under OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29CFR1910.1200). Similar base oils have not been listed in NTP reports, and are classified by IARC as having inadequate evidence of carcinogenicity. IARC indicates that based on preponderance of data **HIGHLY REFINED** mineral oils are not mutagenic either in vitro or in vivo. **SEVERELY HYDROTREATED** naphthenic petroleum oils have not been found to be carcinogenic or potential carcinogens.

However, No animal skin carcinogenicity tests of the hydrotreated paraffinic base oil (CAS# 64742-58-1) have been conducted. Neither OSHA, ACGIH, IARC, nor NTP have classified this component as to its carcinogenic risk.

**IMMUNOTOXICITY:** Not Available.

**TOXICOLOGICALLY SYNERGISTIC PRODUCTS:** Not Available.

**MUTAGENICITY:** Based on actual test results of base oils and results of similar products, severely hydrotreated base oils give negative results when tested for:

- Salmonella Typhimurium TA98 using the Modified Ames Assay for Petroleum Product.
- Salmonella-Escherichia Coli / Mammalian -Microsome Reverse Mutation Assay (Ames test) with a Confirmatory Assay.

- c. Mouse Skin Painting Bioassay using the Modified Ames Assay (IP-346) for Petroleum Product. **See IARC Carcinogenicity Section above.**
- d. Structural Chromosomal Aberrations in Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO) Cells.

**REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY:** Based on the available animal data, severely hydrotreated base oils do not pose a reproductive risk.

**TERATOGENICITY /**

**EMBRYOTOXICITY:** Based on the available animal data, severely hydrotreated base oils do not pose an embryotoxic / teratogenic risk.

No evidence of adverse effects were found in a developmental toxicity study of 2-Ethylhexanol in rats. Doses up to 3 ml/kg applied to the skin during the most critical part of the gestation period produced evidence of toxicity to mothers, but no evidence of injury in the developing offspring. In a previous study, birth defects were observed by oral administration, an unlikely route of exposure in the workplace.

**OTHER CONSIDERATIONS:** An API study has indicated that prolonged or repeated skin exposure to used motor oils can cause skin cancer.

Minute amounts aspirated into the lungs during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury and possibly death. In accordance with the current OSHA Hazard Communication Standard criteria, this product does not require a cancer hazard warning. This is because the product is formulated from base stocks which are severely hydrotreated, severely solvent extracted, and or processed by mild hydrotreatment and extraction. Alternatively, it may consist of components not otherwise affected by IARC criteria, such as atmospheric distillates or synthetically derived materials, and as such is not characterized by current IARC classification criteria.

A 14-Day dermal toxicity study of 2-Ethylhexanol in rats showed blood effects, decreased spleen weight and decreased triglycerides. Repeated ingestion of 2-Ethylhexanol may cause injury to the liver and kidneys.

(refer also to Sec. 2 & 5 for Exposure Limits)

## **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION:**

**ENVIRONMENTAL FATE:** An environmental fate analysis has not been conducted on this base oil.  
 \*\* Plants and animals may experience harmful or fatal effects when coated with petroleum-based products. Petroleum-based (mineral) lube oils will normally float on water. In stagnant or slow-flowing waterways, an oil layer can cover a large surface area. As a result, this oil layer might limit or eliminate natural atmospheric oxygen transport into the water. With time, if not removed, oxygen depletion in the waterway might be enough to cause a fish kill or create an anaerobic environment.

The base oil component of this product reaches less than 10% biodegradation in standard 28-day test and is not readily biodegradable in the environment.

**PERSISTENCE/BIOACCUMULATION POTENTIAL:** Not expected to bioaccumulate.  
**OCTANOL / WATER PART. COEFF.:** Not Available.  
**VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC):** Negligible.  
**BOD<sub>5</sub> and COD:** Not Available.  
**PRODUCTS OF BIODEGRADATION:** Not Available.  
**ECOTOXICITY:** Based upon Petroleum Oil Components, unless stated otherwise.

**Freshwater Fish:** Based upon Petroleum Oil (64742-58-1; 64742-54-7)  
**Components:**  
 79.6 mg/L (96Hr-LC<sub>50</sub> Brachydanio rerio / semi-static).

3.2 mg/L (96Hr-LC<sub>50</sub> Pimephales promelas / semi-static).  
 ≥ 5,000 mg/L (96Hr-LC<sub>50</sub> Oncorhynchus mykiss / N/A).

**Based upon Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, Zinc salts (68649-42-3) Component:**

1.0 - 5.0 mg/L (96Hr-LC<sub>50</sub> Pimephales promelas / static).  
 10.0 - 35.0 mg/L (96Hr-LC<sub>50</sub> Pimephales promelas / semi-static).

<b>Freshwater Invertebrates:</b>	** Not Available.
<b>Algae:</b>	** Not Available.
<b>Saltwater Fish:</b>	** Not Available.
<b>Saltwater Invertebrates:</b>	** Not Available.
<b>Bacteria:</b>	** Not Available.
<b>Miscellaneous:</b>	** Not Available.

**ADDITIONAL REMARKS:** Analysis for ecological effects has not been conducted on this Product. However, if spilled, this product and any contaminated soil or water may be harmful to human, animal, and aquatic life. Also the coating action associated with petroleum products can be harmful or fatal to aquatic life and waterfowl.

(refer also to Sec. 6, 13, & 15)

### **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS:**

Do Not Discharge this product into public waters or waterways unless authorized by a National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit issued by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

In Eni's opinion, Unused / Uncontaminated product is not specifically listed by the EPA as a CERCLA / RCRA regulated hazardous waste or material. Therefore, it may be disposed of as an industrial waste in a manner acceptable to good waste management practice and in compliance with applicable local, state, and federal regulations. DO NOT flush material into drains or storm sewers.

Options for disposal of this product may depend on the conditions under which it was used. Spent / Used / Waste oil may meet the requirements of a hazardous waste. RCRA criteria (ignitability, reactivity, corrosivity, and toxicity-TCLP) must be determined if the material has been used. Refer to 40 CFR 261 (RCRA); as well as federal EPA, state, and local regulations.

Consult your local or regional authorities. Preferred waste management priorities are:

1. Recycle or reprocess.
2. Approved incineration with energy recovery.
3. Disposal at licensed waste disposal facility.

If recycled in the USA, this product must be managed in accordance with 40 CFR Part 279. Processing, use, or contamination by the user may change the waste code(s) applicable to the disposal of this product.

Waste product and contaminated material will be considered a hazardous waste if the flash point is less than 140°F requiring disposal at an approved hazardous waste facility.

Ensure that disposal or reprocessing is in compliance with government requirements and local disposal regulations. Consult your federal, local, state, & regional authorities. Transportation, treatment storage, and disposal of waste material must be conducted in accordance with RCRA regulations (see 40CFR 260 through 40 CFR 271). Contact the RCRA/Superfund Hotline at 1-(800)-424-9346 or your regional US EPA office for guidance concerning case specific disposal issues.

Regulations may also apply to empty containers. The responsibility for proper waste disposal lies with the owner of the waste.

(refer also to Sec. 5, 6, 12, & 15)

**SECTION 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION:**

**DOT:**

NOT REGULATED.

**IMO:**

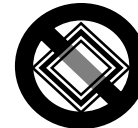
NOT REGULATED.

**OTHER:**

**IMDG CODE PROPER SHIPPING NAME:** Not Evaluated.  
**ICAO PROPER SHIPPING NAME:** Not Evaluated.  
**IATA PROPER SHIPPING NAME:** Not Regulated.  
**ADR/RID (Europe):** Not Regulated.  
 (Pictograms)

**PICTOGRAMS:**

Under TDG (Canada) & DOT (USA):



**TRANSPORTATION INCIDENT INFORMATION:**

For further information relative to spills resulting from transportation incidents, refer to latest Department of Transportation's North American Emergency Response Guidebook (NAERG) for Hazardous Materials Incidents:

**Relevant Listing(s):**

Oil, n.o.s., Flash Point > 200°F.  
 Environmentally Hazardous Substances, Liquid, n.o.s.

**Guide(s)**

171 - Substances (Low to Moderate Hazard)  
 171 - Substances (Low to Moderate Hazard)

**SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION:**

**N/E=None Established, N/A=Not Applicable, N/D=Not Determined.**

**TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT (TSCA):** This Product is in compliance with TSCA (USC, Title 15, Chp. 53-I, Sec. 2601-2629). This product, as manufactured by Eni, does not contain polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB's). All components of this product are listed on the U.S. TSCA inventory or are exempt.

**CLEAN WATER ACT (CWA) / OIL POLLUTION ACT (OPA):** This product is classified as an OIL under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 110) and the Oil Pollution Act of 1990. Discharges or spills into or leading to surface waters which produce a visible sheen on either surface water, or in waterways / sewers / intermittent dry creeks which lead to surface water, must be reported to the U.S. Coast Guard National Response Center at 1-800-424-8802. For additional detail, refer to SARA III, Sec. 304.

<b>Component (CAS#)</b>			<b>TQ (lbs)</b>
Toluene (108-88-3)	(Benzene, Methyl-)	(refer to SARA III, Sec. 304.)	Listed
Benzene (71-43-2)		(refer to SARA III, Sec. 304.)	Listed

**CLEAN AIR ACT (CAA):** The possible components of this product listed on the Regulated Chemicals for Accidental Release Prevention list in Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act of 1990 (40 CFR 68) are as follows:

<b>Component (CAS#)</b>			<b>TQ (lbs)</b>
Toluene (108-88-3)	(Benzene, Methyl-)	(refer to SARA III, Sec. 304.)	Listed
Benzene (71-43-2)		(refer to SARA III, Sec. 304.)	Listed
Ethyl Acrylate (140-88-5)	(2-Propenoic Acid, Ethyl ester)	<b>[IARC &amp; NTP Carcinogen]</b>	Listed

**COMPREHENSIVE ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSE, COMPENSATION, AND LIABILITY ACT (CERCLA):**

(40 CFR Part 302, Table 302.4)

This product (as manufactured), if accidentally spilled, is not subject to special reporting under the requirements of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act. However, it is recommended that you consult local and state authorities to determine if there may be other reporting requirements. For specific details, refer below to SARA Title III, Sec. 304.

**RESOURCE CONSERVATION and RECOVERY ACT (RCRA) Hazardous Waste: (40 CFR 261.33)**

CAS NO.	COMPONENT	RCRA Hazardous Waste Code
(8002-05-9; 8020-83-5)	Severely Hydrotreated Paraffinic Hydrocarbons (Oil); Solvent Refined Paraffinic Hydrocarbons (Oil); Solvent Dewaxed Residual Oils (Petroleum Distillates; Petroleum; Hydrocarbon Oils)	Not Listed
64742-54-7	Hydrotreated Heavy Paraffinic Hydrocarbons (Oil);	Not Listed
64742-58-1	Hydrotreated Spent (Petroleum) Lubricating Oils	Not Listed
Mixture-1	Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Not Listed
N/A	Mineral Oil Mist	Not Listed
Proprietary-1	Calcium long-chain alkylaryl Sulphonate	Not Listed
104-76-7	2-Ethyl Hexanol	Not Listed
N/A	Acrylate Ester	Not Listed
140-88-5	Ethyl Acrylate (2-Propenoic Acid, Ethyl ester) [IARC & NTP Carcinogen]	U 113
108-88-3	Toluene (Benzene, Methyl-)	U 220
71-43-2	Benzene	U 109
68649-42-3	Phosphorodithioic Acid, O, O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, Zinc salts	Not Listed
(7440-66-6)	Zinc & Zinc Compounds	Not Listed

**SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS REAUTHORIZATION ACT OF 1986 (SARA TITLE III):**

SARA requires disclosure of hazardous substances present at concentrations  $\geq 1.0\%$ Wt. ( $\geq 0.1\%$ Wt. For Carcinogens).

**Sec. 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances (EHS): (40 CFR Part 355, Appendix A, B)**

Component (CAS#)	%Wt. max.	TPQ (lbs.)	Status as an EHS:
Phosphorodithioic Acid, o, o-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, Zinc Salts (Zinc Alkyldithiophosphate) (68649-42-3)	1.8%	N/E	Zn Compound Class - Not Listed
	(as ZnDDP)		
ALL OTHER COMPONENTS LISTED IN SECTION 2.	98.2%	N/E	NONE LISTED.

**Sec. 304 CERCLA Hazardous Substances: (40 CFR Part 355, Appendix A, B)**

Component (CAS#)	%Wt. max.	EHS RQ	CERCLA RQ	Status as a CHS:
Phosphorodithioic Acid, o, o-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, Zinc Salts (Zinc Alkyldithiophosphate) (68649-42-3)	1.8%	N/E	**	Listed ***
Toluene (108-88-3) (synonym: Methyl-Benzene)	0.10%	N/E	1000 lbs.	Listed * (Category C)
Ethyl Acrylate (140-88-5) [IARC & NTP Carcinogen] (synonym: 2-Propenoic Acid, Ethyl ester)	1 ppm	N/E	1000 lbs.	Listed * (Category C)
Benzene (71-43-2)	20 ppb	N/E	10 lbs.	Listed * (Category A)
ALL OTHER COMPONENTS LISTED IN SECTION 2.	98.1%	N/E	N/E	NONE LISTED.

\* 1000 lbs. Statutory RQ under CWA, Sec. 311(b)(4), Sec. 307(a), 1000 lbs. Final RQ. (Category B); under CAA, Sec. 112, under RCRA, Sec. 3001.

\*\* 1 lbs. Statutory RQ under CWA, Sec. 311(b)(4); 100 lbs. Final RQ. (Category B).

\*\*\* Zinc Compound class - although no RQ is assigned to this generic/broad class, the class is a CERCLA Hazardous Substance. However, since an RQ has not been assigned, reporting is not required under CERCLA.

**Sec. 311 / 312 EPA Hazardous Chemical Reporting: (40 CFR Part 370)**

**EPA HAZARD REPORTING CATEGORIES:**

<u>Health :</u>		<u>Physical :</u>	
Immediate (Acute)	YES	Fire	NO
Delayed (Chronic)	YES	Sudden Release of Pressure	NO
		Reactive	NO
		Nuisance Mist / Dust Only	NO

**Sec. 313 Toxic Chemical Release Reporting: (40 CFR Part 372)**

<b>Component (CAS#)</b>	<b>%Wt. max.</b>	<b>Status as Toxic:</b>
Phosphorodithioic Acid, o, o-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, Zinc Salts (Zinc Dialkyldithiophosphate) (68649-42-3)	1.8%	Listed.
Toluene (108-88-3) (synonym: Methyl-Benzene)	0.10%	Listed.
Ethyl Acrylate (140-88-5) [IARC & NTP Carcinogen] (synonym: 2-Propenoic Acid, Ethyl ester)	1 ppm	Listed.
Benzene (71-43-2)	20 ppb	Listed.
ALL OTHER COMPONENTS LISTED IN SECTION 2.	98.1%	NONE LISTED.

**CA PROPOSITION 65:**

The following possible component(s) of this material is/are known to the state of California to cause cancer<sup>1</sup> and/or birth defects or other reproductive harm<sup>2</sup> (based upon maximum impurity levels of components):

**THE FOLLOWING IMPURITIES MAY BE PRESENT IN DETECTIBLE AMOUNTS:**

<sup>1,2</sup> 7440-38-2	Arsenic	<sup>1</sup> 207-08-9	benzo(k)fluoranthracene
<sup>1,2</sup> 7440-43-9	Cadmium	<sup>1</sup> 50-32-8	benzo(a)pyrene
<sup>1,2</sup> 7439-92-1	Lead	<sup>1</sup> 218-01-9	chrysene
<sup>1,2</sup> 71-43-2	Benzene	<sup>1</sup> 53-70-3	dibenz(a,h)anthracene
<sup>1</sup> 56-55-3	benzo(a)anthracene	<sup>1</sup> 193-39-5	indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene
<sup>1</sup> 205-99-2	benzo(b)fluoranthracene	108-88-3	Toluene
140-88-5	Ethyl Acrylate		

**Note:** An evaluation of all components of this product for California Proposition 65 is not routinely performed.

**PA WORKER AND COMMUNITY RIGHT-TO-KNOW ACT (PA Act 159-1984):**

The following component(s) of this material is/are listed as Hazardous Substance(s) under the Act on the PA Hazardous Substance List:

<b>CAS NO.</b>	<b>RELEVANT COMPONENT / LISTING</b>	<b>PA HAZARD Note</b>
(8002-05-9; 8020-83-5) (see Oil CAS#s below)	Severely Hydrotreated Paraffinic Hydrocarbons (Oil); Solvent Refined Paraffinic Hydrocarbons (Oil); Solvent Dewaxed Residual Oils (Petroleum Distillates; Petroleum; Hydrocarbon Oils)	Listed
64742-54-7	Hydrotreated Heavy Paraffinic Petroleum Distillates (Oil)	Listed
64742-58-1	Hydrotreated Spent (Petroleum) Lubricating Oils	Listed
Mixture-1	Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Listed
N/A	Mineral Oil Mist	Listed
Proprietary-1	Calcium long-chain alkylaryl Sulphonate	
104-76-7	2-Ethyl Hexanol	Listed
N/A	Acrylate Ester	Not Listed
140-88-5	Ethyl Acrylate (2-Propenoic Acid, Ethyl ester)	EH & SHS
108-88-3	Toluene (Benzene, Methyl-)	EH
71-43-2	Benzene	EH & SHS

(68649-42-3)	Phosphorodithioic Acid, o, o-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, Zinc Salts (Zinc Alkyldithiophosphate)	EH
7440-66-6	Zinc & Zinc Compounds	EH

Listed=PA Hazardous Substance, EH=PA Environmental Hazard, SHS=PA Special Hazardous Substance.

**C EPA / WHMIS:** We believe that this product's components are acceptable for use in Canada under the provisions of Workplace Hazardous Material Information System (WHMIS) - Controlled Products Regulations (CPR).  
**(Canada)** All components of this formulation are believed to be listed on or exempt from the Domestic Substances List (DSL).

This product is believed to be classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and this MSDS is believed to contain all the information required by the CPR.

**Note:** An evaluation of all components of this product for Canadian regulations is not routinely performed, and may be incomplete or incorrect. It is the responsibility of the receiver/end-user to verify it's compliance with any Hazard Communication or other regulations within their own geographic/regulatory jurisdiction.

**US EPA:** All components of this formulation are listed on or exempted from the TSCA Inventory of the US Environmental Protection Agency.

**DSD/DPD (EEC):** This product has not been evaluated for the Dangerous Substances or Dangerous Preparations Directives (Europe).

**SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION:**

**HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM (HMIS):**

Health	Flammability	Reactivity	Personal	BASIS
1	1	0	B	Recommended by eni USA R&M

**NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION (NFPA 704) - HAZARD IDENTIFICATION:**

Health	Flammability	Reactivity	Specific	BASIS
1	1	0		Recommended by eni USA R&M

**KEYS:** 4=Severe; 3=Serious; 2=Moderate; 1=Slight; 0=Minimal

The Environmental Information included under Section 15, as well as the Hazardous Materials Identification System (HMIS) and National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) ratings in Section 16, have been included by Eni in order to provide additional health and hazard classification information. The ratings recommended are based upon the criteria of the developers of these ratings systems, together with Eni's interpretation of the available data.

The health and safety information presented herein must be used in conjunction with the pertinent standards for training, work practices, and facilities design established by OSHA, NIOSH, NFPA, API, NEC NSC, UNDERWRITERS, BUREAU OF MINES, and similar organizations.

The information and recommendations contained herein are offered for the user's consideration and examination; and it is the user's responsibility to satisfy itself that they are suitable and complete for its particular use.

**DISCLAIMER:**

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**MSDS REVISION:** 4/1/2013 NEW **SUPERSEDES:** 12/10/2012  
**FORMERLY:** Super Tractor Plus (UFT).

**DATA DATE:** 12/10/2012 **SUPERSEDES:** 4/24/2002

**MSDS Prepared by:** W.G.Wagner

**NON-EMERGENCY INFORMATION:** eni USA R&M Co. Inc.  
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Cabot, PA 16023  
1-800-922-9243